

LegalZoom.com, Inc. Disclaimer

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this press release that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe-harbor provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Securities Act of 1933. These statements include statements regarding our quarterly and annual guidance for revenue, Adjusted EBITDA, other long-term targets and related disclosures. Forward-looking statements in some cases can be identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "should," "potential," "intend," "expect," "seek," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "could," "would," "project," "predict," "continue," "plan," "propose" or other similar words or expressions. Forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this press release and are based on our current intent, beliefs, plans and expectations. They involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual future results, performance or developments to differ materially from those described in or implied by such forward-looking statements or historical results.

Factors that might cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, the risk that our recent growth may not be indicative of our future growth; our ability to sustain our revenue growth rate and remain profitable in the future; our anticipation of increasing expenses in the future; our ability to attract and retain customers; our ability to continue to innovate and provide a platform that is useful to our customers; our dependence on business formations; the dependence of our subscription services on our transaction products; our dependence on our subscribers renewing their subscriptions with us; our ability to drive additional purchases and cross-sell to paying customers; the competitive legal solutions market; our dependence on top talent, including our senior management and other key personnel; risks and costs associated with complex and evolving laws and regulations; our ability to remediate material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting that we have previously identified; and other factors discussed in the section titled "Risk Factors" included in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. Our business involves significant risks. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described in our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 24, 2022. The risks and uncertainties described in our filings with the SEC are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of or that we deem immaterial may also become important factors that adversely affect our business. The realization of any of these risks and uncertainties could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial condition, results of operations, growth and future prospects as well as our ability to accomplish our strategic objectives. In that event, the market price of our common stock could decline and you could lose part or all of your investment. In addition, please note that any forward-looking stat

LegalZoom.com, Inc. Disclaimer (Continued)

About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures including Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP net income (loss), non-GAAP net income (loss) margin, certain non-GAAP expenses (including non-GAAP cost of revenue, Non-GAAP sales and marketing, non-GAAP technology and development, and non-GAAP general and administrative), free cash flow, unlevered free cash flow, and unlevered free cash flow margin. To supplement our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, we use certain non-GAAP financial measures, as described below, to understand and evaluate our core operating performance. These non-GAAP financial measures, which may be different from similarly titled measures used by other companies, are presented to enhance investors' overall understanding of our financial performance and should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information about our financial performance, enhance the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects and allow for greater transparency with respect to important measures used by our management for financial and operational decision-making. We are presenting these non-GAAP measures to assist investors in seeing our financial performance using a management view and because we believe that these measures provide an additional tool for investors to use in comparing our core financial performance over multiple periods with other companies in our industry. The tables in the Appendix contain more details on the GAAP financial measures that are most directly comparable to non-GAAP financial measures and the related reconciliations between these financial measures. In addition, please see our earnings release and our filings with the SEC for the definitions of these non-GAAP





Key Pain Points

Legal matters are <u>difficult</u> to navigate on your own

Expertise is <u>expensive</u> and difficult to find

Remaining compliant is a <u>complex, evergreen</u> problem

LegalZoom

The easiest way to form, protect, and keep your business compliant

Formation Solutions

- Formation Package (LLC, INC, Non-Profit)
- DBAs and EINs
- Annual Reports, Operating Agreement

Compliance Solutions

- Registered Agent / Compliance
- Legal Expertise / Legal Forms
- Tax Expertise

Intellectual Property

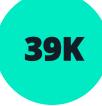
- Trademarks
- Copyrights
- Patents



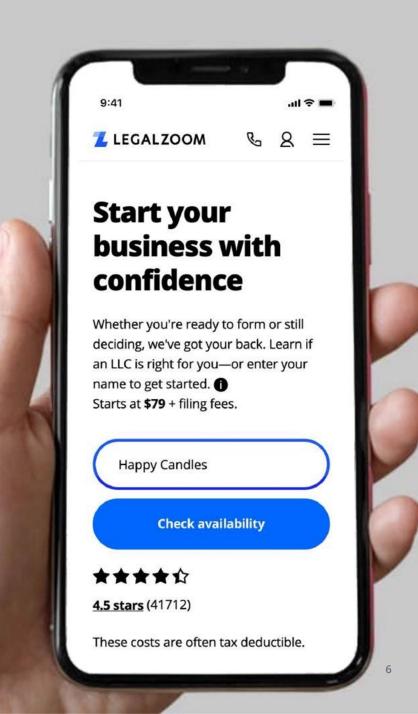
Designed to take under 15 minutes to complete



Active subscribers of compliance & legal solutions at 3/31/22



Trademarks filed in 2021



The legal / compliance opportunity is very clear, we believe we are in a strong position to realize it

A large market

Our
Market

\$48.7B

Serviceable Addressable Market (SAM) Little product innovation

25

Offline Attorney Net Promoter Score (NPS) in 2020⁽¹⁾

Low tech adoption

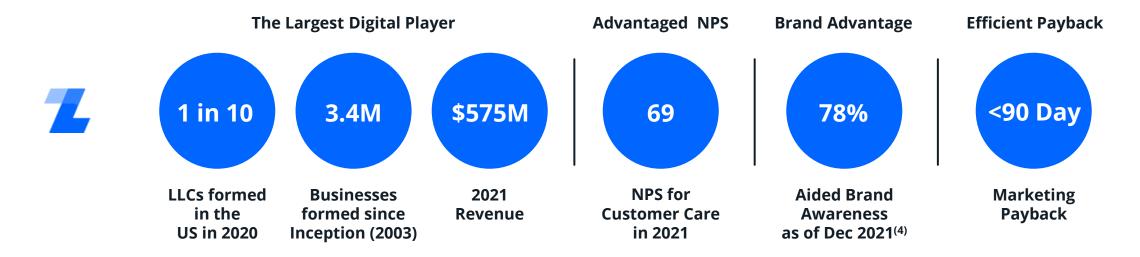
8%

Legal services conducted online in the US⁽²⁾

Low digital penetration

40%+

Solo attorneys don't have a website⁽³⁾

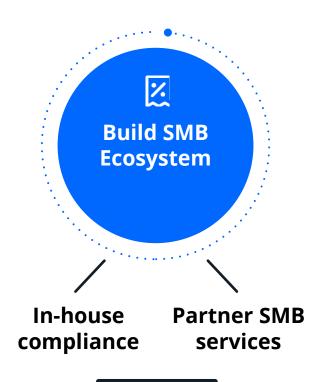


We have multiple ways to drive growth



Core investments in product / marketing / ops

Accelerate growth and increase share



Improve Average Revenue per Subscription Unit (ARPU) and Partnerships Revenue



Bundle attorneys with formation products

Increase Total Addressable Market (TAM), conversion, and Average Order Value (AOV)

Our management team is experienced in small business and consumer innovation at scale



Dan WernikoffChief Executive Officer

ıntuıt





Noel WatsonChief Financial Officer

TrueCar^{*}





John Buchanan Chief Marketing



Officer Adobe





Sheily Chhabria Panchal Chief People Officer









Rich PreeceChief Operating & Product Officer

ıntuıt



Nicole Miller General Counsel

HONEST Coole

Cooley GIBSON DUNN



Shrisha Radhakrishna Chief Technology Officer

INTUIT COVAD



Kathy Tsitovich Chief Partnerships Officer

ıntuıt

Financial Update





\$154M

total revenue

+15% yoy +21% 2-yr CAGR \$101M

gross profit⁽¹⁾

+65% margin⁽¹⁾

\$1M

adjusted ebitda⁽¹⁾

+1% margin⁽¹⁾

129K

business formations⁽²⁾

(2%) yoy +25% 2-yr CAGR **267K**

transaction units

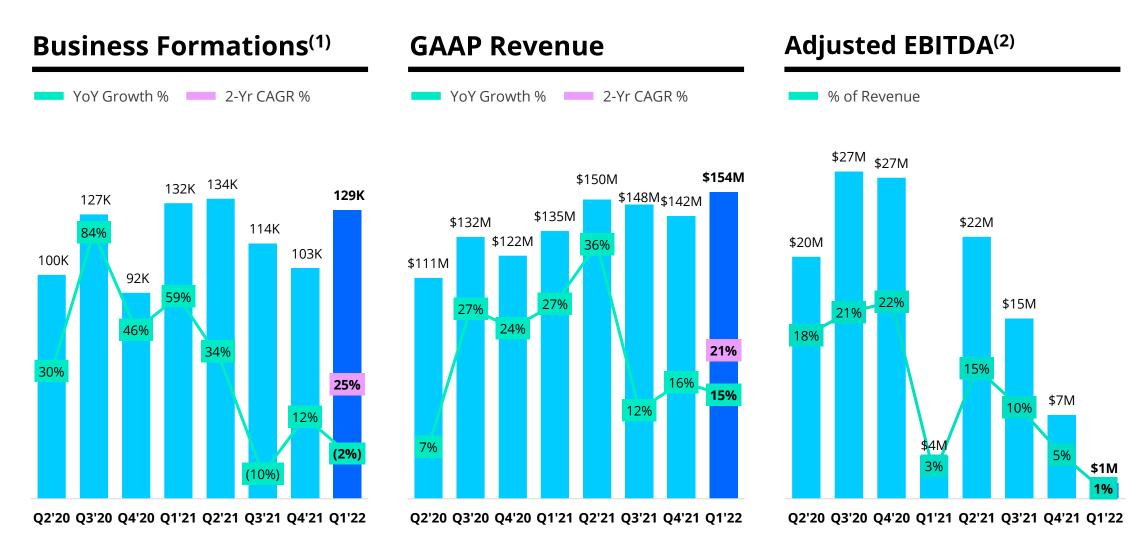
(3%) yoy

1,362K

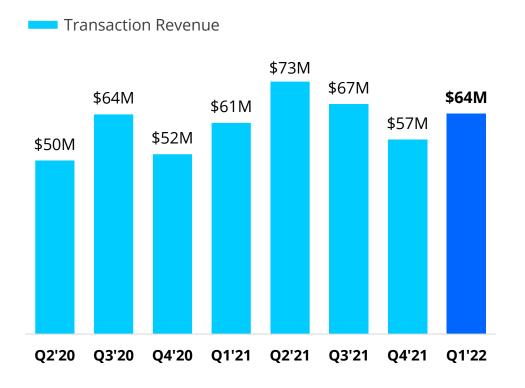
subscription units

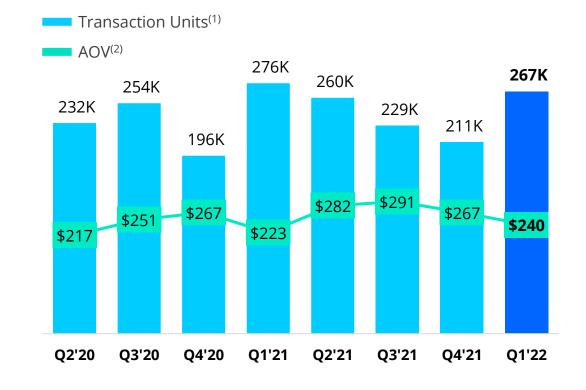
+19% yoy

Key Metrics



Transaction Revenue Details

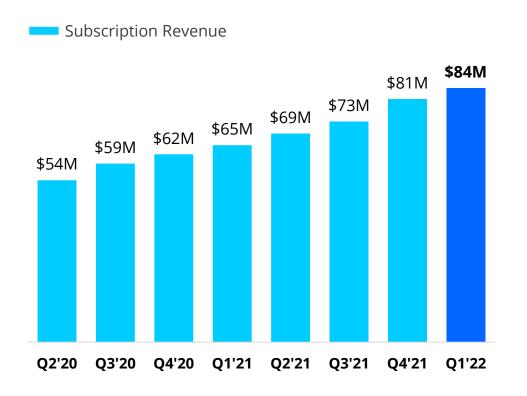


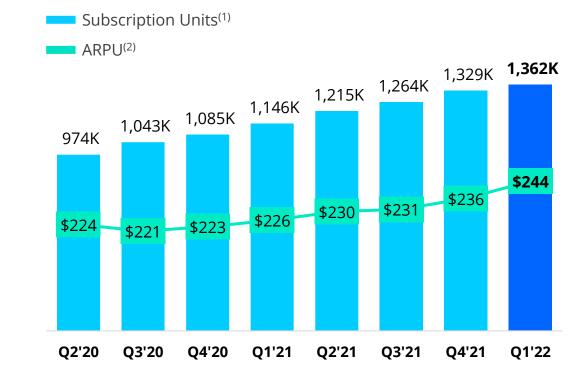


Year-over-year Growth %										
	11%	54%	46%	35%	45%	5%	8%	4%		

Year-over-year Growth %											
Trx Units	30%	54%	31%	31%	12%	(10%)	8%	(3%)			
AOV	(9%)	6%	18%	6%	30%	16%	0%	8%			

Subscription Revenue Details





Year-over-year Growth %											
7%	10%	14%	21%	29%	24%	29%	29%				

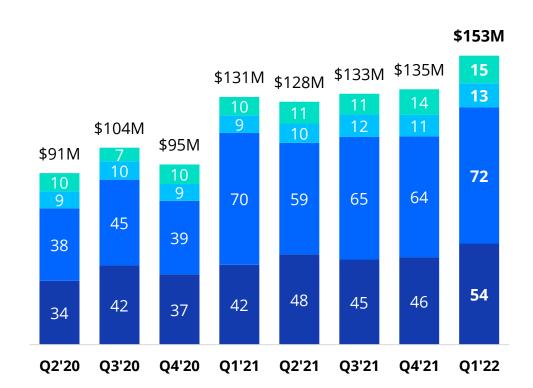
Year-over-year Growth %											
Sub Units	7%	14%	18%	22%	25%	21%	22%	19%			
ARPU	9%	4%	1%	0%	3%	5%	6%	8%			

⁽¹⁾ We define the number of subscription units in a given period as the paid subscriptions that remain active at the end of such period, including those that are not yet 60 days past their subscription order dates, excluding subscriptions from our employer group legal plan and small business concierge subscription service, which we ceased acquiring new subscribers in October 2020. Refunds, or partial refunds, may be issued under certain circumstances pursuant to the terms of our customer satisfaction guarantee. (2) We define average revenue per subscription unit, or ARPU, as of a given date as subscription revenue for the 12-month period ended on such date, or LTM, divided by the average number of subscription units at the beginning and end of the LTM period, excluding revenue and subscription units from our employer group legal plan and small business concierge subscription services, which we ceased acquiring new subscribers in October 2020.

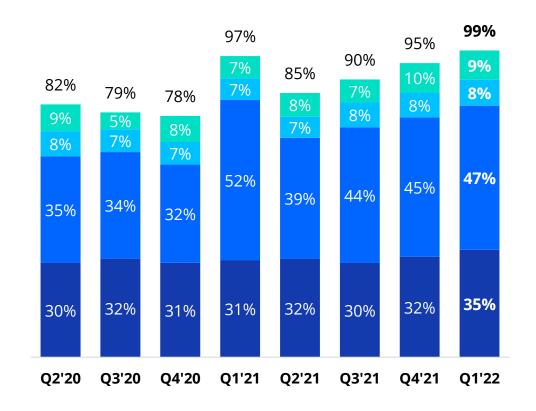
Non-GAAP Expenses⁽¹⁾

\$M by Spend Category





% of Revenue by Spend Category



Non-GAAP Sales & Marketing Detail⁽¹⁾

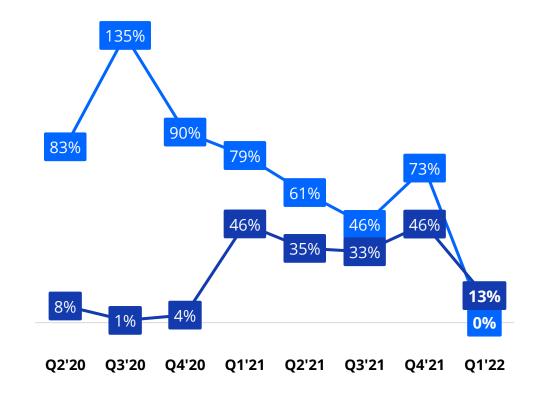
\$M by Category

Customer Acquisition Media "CAM"

Other Sales & Marketing



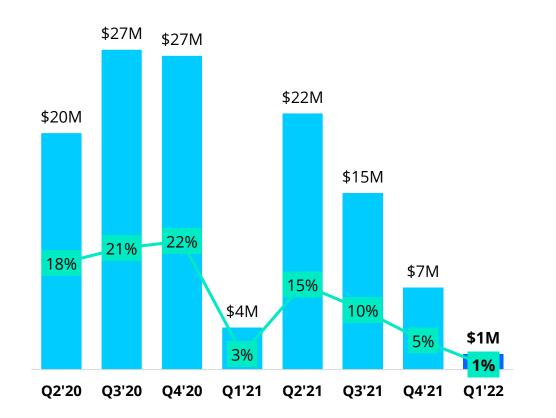
% YoY Growth by Category



Profitability Metrics

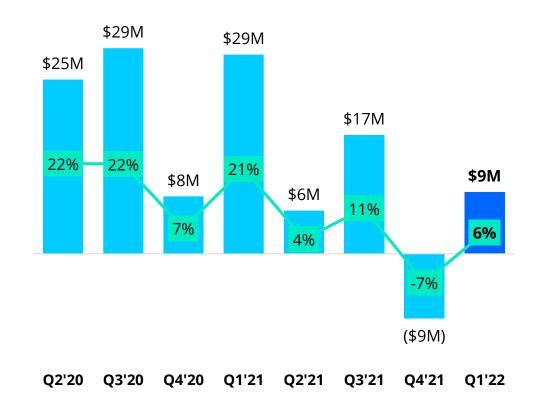
Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾

% of Revenue



Free Cash Flow⁽¹⁾

% of Revenue



Q2 and FY22 Guidance Commentary

Q2 2022	
Total Revenue	\$162M - \$164M
Adj. EBITDA	\$10M - \$12M
FY 2022	
Total Revenue	\$650M - \$660M
Adj. EBITDA	\$48M

Commentary

- We are facing a challenging first half comparison on the transaction side of the business, but expect growth to reaccelerate in the back half of the year
- We expect full year subscription revenue to grow approximately 25% year-over-year
- We expect full year Adjusted EBITDA to be in-line with 2021 as we scale OpEx investments to support long-term growth
- We expect to exit 2022 with margin expansion on a yearover-year basis

GAAP and Non-GAAP Long-term Financial Goals

GAAP and Non-GAAP Measures	'19A	′20A	'21A	Long-Term Target ⁽²⁾
Revenue Growth	8%	15%	22%	24% +
Gross Margin (GAAP)	66%	67%	67%	71-73%
Customer Acquisition Marketing "CAM"	16%	25%	34%	18-22%
OpEx (excl. CAM) ⁽¹⁾	28%	25%	26%	21-23%
Adj. EBITDA Margin ⁽¹⁾	24%	19%	8%	30% +
FCF Margin ⁽¹⁾	8%	18%	7%	25% +

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP Measure. The company has not reconciled this non-GAAP measure to the most comparable GAAP measure because certain items are out of the company's control and/or cannot be reasonably predicted. Accordingly, a reconciliation is not available without unreasonable effort. (2) These are not projections; they are goals and are forward-looking, subject to significant business, economic, regulatory and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the company and its management, and are based upon assumptions with respect to future decisions, which are subject to change. Actual results will vary and those variations may be material. For discussion of some of the important factors that could cause these variations, please consult the section titled 'Risk Factors' included in our filings with the SEC. Nothing in this presentation should be regarded as a representation by any person that these goals will be achieved and the company undertakes no duty to update its goals.

Appendix



Reconciliation of GAAP Expenses to Non-GAAP Expenses

FYE Dec 31, \$K	2019	2020	2021	Q2'20	Q3'20	Q4'20	Q1′21	Q2'21	Q3′21	Q4'21	Q1′22
Cost of revenue	\$136,915	\$154,563	\$189,364	\$35,759	\$43,841	\$39,851	\$43,960	\$49,859	\$47,267	\$48,278	\$55,940
Stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	116	108	1,662	27	30	28	28	707	779	148	277
Depreciation and amortization	6,773	8,324	6,430	1,934	1,904	2,528	1,678	1,398	1,403	1,951	2,070
Other non-reoccurring items			_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Non-GAAP cost of revenue	130,026	146,131	181,272	33,798	41,907	37,295	42,254	47,754	45,085	46,179	53,593
Sales and marketing	115,913	171,390	279,281	40,173	46,833	40,903	71,361	65,431	72,572	69,917	76,874
Stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	671	923	15,721	72	115	140	166	5,151	6,364	4,040	3,125
Depreciation and amortization	6,469	6,913	6,017	1,762	1,377	1,925	1,475	1,323	1,401	1,818	1,875
Other non-reoccurring items	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Non-GAAP sales and marketing	108,773	163,554	257,543	38,339	45,341	38,838	69,720	58,957	64,807	64,059	71,874
Technology and development	37,204	41,863	84,003	10,165	10,911	10,244	10,499	28,426	26,865	18,213	17,959
Stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	739	2,450	38,726	518	529	532	496	17,566	14,459	6,205	4,298
Depreciation and amortization	1,055	2,800	2,361	667	656	827	587	584	538	652	726
Other non-reoccurring items	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Non-GAAP technology and development	35,410	36,613	42,916	8,980	9,726	8,885	9,416	10,276	11,868	11,356	12,935
General and administrative	57,762	51,017	106,584	12,612	10,424	15,320	13,165	33,845	28,192	31,382	29,488
Stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	3,655	9,413	56,487	2,473	2,038	2,304	3,096	21,374	16,539	15,478	14,165
Depreciation and amortization	2,093	2,060	1,878	464	478	655	426	358	433	661	723
Other non-reoccurring items ⁽²⁾	14,999	3,181	2,578	64	718	2,051	_	635	223	1,720	70
Non-GAAP general and administrative	37,015	36,363	45,641	9,611	7,190	10,310	9,643	11,478	10,997	13,523	14,530

⁽¹⁾ Stock-based compensation expense excludes amounts paid in cash to certain employees as part of a buyback program as further described in Note 15 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Prospectus, dated June 29, 2021, filed with the SEC on June 30, 2021. (2) Includes acquisition-related expenses, restructuring expenses, legal reserves and other IPO-related costs and other transaction related expenses, as detailed in Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Non-GAAP 21 Net Income (Loss) below.

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss)

FYE Dec 31, \$K	2019	2020	2021	Q2'20	Q3'20	Q4'20	Q1′21	Q2'21	Q3'21	Q4'21	Q1′22
Net income (loss)	\$7,443	\$9,896	(\$108,664)	(\$4,059)	\$9,412	\$9,421	(\$9,823)	(\$38,395)	(\$39,675)	(\$20,771)	(\$30,609)
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	4,256	2,826	1,039	982	473	368	273	52	52	662	670
Stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	5,181	12,894	112,596	3,090	2,712	3,004	3,786	44,798	38,141	25,871	21,865
Loss on debt extinguishment		_	7,748	_	_	_	_	_	7,748	_	_
Impairment of goodwill, long-lived & other assets	14,321	1,105	924	_	_	550	_	379	493	52	_
Impairment of available-for-sale debt securities	_	4,818	_	4,818	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition-related expenses	5,433	132	1,356	_	38	94	_	_	_	1,356	30
Restructuring expenses ⁽²⁾	1,600	2,524	_	64	155	1,957	_	_	_	_	_
Legal reserves and settlements(3)	735	525		_	525	_	_	_	_	_	40
IPO-related costs & other transaction-related expenses ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	852	_	_	_	_	635	217	_	_
Certain other non-recurring expenses ⁽⁵⁾	6,911	1,764	369	1,764	_	_	_	_	5	364	_
Income tax effects	(4,313)	(4,148)	(10,519)	(846)	(883)	(1,320)	(665)	(2,880)	(4,399)	(2,575)	(1,494)
Non-GAAP net income (loss) ⁽⁶⁾	\$41,567	\$32,336	\$5,701	\$5,813	\$12,432	\$14,074	(\$6,429)	\$4,589	\$2,582	\$4,959	(\$9,498)
Net income (loss) margin ⁽⁶⁾	2%	2%	(19%)	(4%)	7%	8%	(7%)	(26%)	(27%)	(15%)	(20%)
Non-GAAP net income (loss) margin ⁽⁶⁾	10%	7%	1%	5%	9%	12%	(5%)	3%	2%	4%	(6%)

⁽¹⁾ Stock-based compensation expense excludes amounts paid in cash to certain employees as part of a buyback program as further described in Note 15 to our consolidated financial statements included in our prospectus, dated June 29, 2021, filed with the SEC on June 30, 2021. (2) Restructuring expenses relate to certain one-time severance events for different components of our business, which were part of our overall reset of business strategy during 2019 and 2020. Such expenses are not expected to recur in the near or longer term. Due to continued decline in the business performance of Beaumont, our conveyancing business in the United Kingdom, we conducted a phased restructuring during 2019. In the fourth quarter of 2019, we restructured our United Kingdom Research and Development team, as part of the reset of our product strategy. In the first half of 2020, we restructured our United Kingdom business, mainly in our leadership and technology team. In the fourth quarter of 2020, we incurred \$2.0 million in severance costs related to a reduction in headcount in our U.S. workforce. (3) Legal reserves and settlements include costs accrued or paid for potential litigation settlements, and are netuction of protential litigation settlements, and are netuction in headcount in our U.S. workforce. (3) Legal reserves and settlements include costs accrued or paid for potential litigation settlements, and are netuction of potential litigation settlements, and are reduction in headcount in our U.S. workforce. (3) Legal reserves and settlements include costs accrued or paid for potential litigation settlements, and are netuction of potential litigation settlements, and are reduction in headcount in our U.S. workforce. (3) Legal reserves and settlements include costs accrued or paid for potential litigation settlements, and are reduction in headcount in our U.S. workforce. (3) Legal reserves and settlements include costs and other transaction related expenses for strategic transactions that were not consummated, including \$4.6

Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow

FYE Dec 31, \$K	2019	2020	2021	Q2'20	Q3'20	Q4'20	Q1′21	Q2'21	Q3'21	Q4'21	Q1′22
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$52,695	\$93,049	\$54,152	\$27,431	\$32,749	\$10,980	\$31,415	\$9,281	\$19,460	(\$6,004)	\$13,737
Purchase of property and equipment	(18,349)	(10,587)	(11,740)	(2,503)	(3,328)	(2,768)	(2,911)	(3,093)	(2,496)	(3,239)	(4,911)
Free cash flow ⁽¹⁾	34,346	82,462	42,412	24,928	29,421	8,213	28,504	6,188	16,964	(9,244)	8,826
Cash interest paid	37,276	27,864	12,284	7,062	6,283	6,242	6,065	6,086	133	_	_
Unlevered free cash flow ⁽²⁾	71,622	110,326	54,696	31,990	35,704	14,454	34,569	12,274	17,097	(9,244)	8,826
Operating cash flow margin ⁽³⁾	13%	20%	9%	25%	25%	9%	23%	6%	13%	(4%)	9%
Unlevered free cash flow margin ⁽³⁾	18%	23%	10%	29%	27%	12%	26%	8%	12%	(7%)	6%

⁽¹⁾ We define free cash flow as cash generated by operations after purchases of property and equipment including capitalized internal-use software. Free cash flow is a liquidity measure used by management in evaluating the cash generated by our operations after purchases of property and equipment including capitalized internal-use software. We consider free cash flow to be an important metric because it provides useful information to management and investors about the amount of cash generated by our business that can be used for strategic opportunities, including investing in our business and strengthening our balance sheet. Once our business needs and obligations are met, cash can be used to maintain a strong balance sheet and invest in future growth. The usefulness of free cash flow as an analytical tool has limitations because it excludes certain items, which are settled in cash, does not represent residual cash flow available for discretionary expenses, does not reflect our future contractual commitments, and may be calculated differently by other companies in our industry. Accordingly, it should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of other GAAP financial measures, such as net cash provided by operating activities as a percentage of revenue. We define unlevered free cash flow margin as unlevered free cash flow as a percentage of revenue.

Reconciliation from Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted EBITDA

FYE Dec 31, \$K	2019	2020	2021	Q2'20	Q3'20	Q4'20	Q1′21	Q2'21	Q3'21	Q4'21	Q1′22
Net income (loss)	\$7,443	\$9,896	(\$108,664)	(\$4,059)	\$9,412	\$9,421	(\$9,823) ((\$38,395)	(\$39,675)	(\$20,771)	(\$30,609)
Interest expense, net	38,559	35,504	27,984	8,857	8,658	8,719	8,654	9,312	9,957	61	53
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	3,161	2,429	(10,951)	563	3,126	795	(2,936)	1,995	(5,908)	(4,102)	2,960
Depreciation and amortization	16,390	20,097	16,686	4,827	4,415	5,935	4,166	3,663	3,775	5,082	5,394
Other (income) expense, net	(2,577)	(3,713)	(1,193)	355	(1,610)	(3,564)	(248)	(420)	368	(893)	1,544
Stock-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	5,181	12,894	112,596	3,090	2,712	3,004	3,786	44,798	38,141	25,871	21,865
Loss on debt extinguishment	_	_	7,748	_		_	_	_	7,748	_	_
Impairment of goodwill, long-lived & other assets	14,321	1,105	924	_		550	_	379	493	52	_
Impairment of available-for-sale debt securities	_	4,818		4,818	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Acquisition-related expenses	5,433	132	1,356		38	94	_	_	_	1,356	_
Restructuring expenses ⁽²⁾	1,600	2,524		64	155	1,957	_	_	_	_	_
Legal reserves and settlements(3)	735	525			525			_			40
IPO-related costs &	_	_	852		_	_	_	635	217	_	_
other transaction-related expenses ⁽⁴⁾								033	217		
Certain other non-recurring expenses ⁽⁵⁾	6,911	1,764	369	1,764	_	_	_	_	5	364	30
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁶⁾	\$97,157	\$87,975	\$47,707	\$20,279	\$27,431	\$26,911	\$3,599	\$21,967	\$15,121	\$7,020	\$1,277
Revenue	408,380	470,636	575,080	111,007	131,595	122,239	134,632	150,432	147,879	\$142,137	\$154,209
Adjusted EBITDA margin ⁽⁷⁾	24%	19%	8%	18%	21%	22%	3%	15%	10%	5%	1%

(1) Stock-based compensation expense excludes amounts paid in cash to certain employees as part of a buyback program as further described in Note 15 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Prospectus, dated June 29, 2021, filed with the SEC on June 30, 2021. (2) Restructuring expenses relate to certain one-time severance events for different components of our business, which were part of our overall reset of business strategy during 2019 and 2020. Such expenses are not expected to recur in the near or longer term. Due to continued decline in the business performance of Beaumont, our conveyancing business in the United Kingdom, we conducted a phased restructuring during 2019. In the fourth quarter of 2019, we restructured our United Kingdom Research and Development team, as part of the reset of our product strategy. In the first half of 2020, we restructured our United Kingdom business, mainly in our leadership and technology team. In the fourth quarter of 2020, we incurred \$2.0 million in severance costs related to a reduction in headcount in our U.S. workforce. (3) Legal reserves and settlements include costs accrued or paid for potential litigation settlements, and are net of insurance recoveries, if any. (4) IPOrelated costs and other transaction-related expenses includes certain non-recurring expenses, which occurred in connection with our IPO completed in July 2021, (5) In 2019, we incurred certain expenses for strategic transactions that were not consummated, including \$4.6 million of costs associated with our filing of a registration statement during the first and second quarters of 2019 and which was later withdrawn in the third quarter of 2019, \$1.9 million of compensation expense recorded in general and administrative expenses related the establishment of a financial guarantee for a former executive officer in the fourth quarter of 2019, and \$0.4 million for other transaction related expenses. In the second quarter of 2020, we incurred a loss on sale from the disposal of Beaumont of \$1.8 million. In 2021, we incurred expenses related to early termination of our U.K. lease agreement. (6) Adjusted EBITDA, a primary performance measure used by management and board of directors to understand and evaluate financial performance, operating trends including period-to-period comparisons, prepare and approve of our annual budget, develop short- and long-term operational plans and determine appropriate compensation plans for our employees. Limitations to this non-GAAP financial measure include the following: a) does not reflect interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, which reduces cash available to us; b) does not reflect provision for income taxes that may result in payments that reduce cash available to us; c) excludes depreciation and amortization and, although these are non-cash expenses, the assets being depreciated may be replaced in the future; d) does not reflect foreign currency exchange or other gains or losses, which are included in other income, net; e) excludes stock-based compensation expense, which has been, and will continue to be, a significant recurring expense for our business and an important part of our compensation strategy; f) excludes losses from impairments of goodwill, long-lived and other assets and available-for-sale debt securities; g) excludes acquisition related expenses, which reduce cash available to us; h) excludes restructuring expenses, which reduce cash available to us; and i) does not reflect certain other non-recurring expenses that are not considered representative of our underlying performance, which reduce 'cash available to us. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income adjusted to exclude interest expense, net, provision for income taxes, depreciation, other income, net, stock-based compensation, losses from impairments of goodwill, long-lived and other assets, impairments of available-for-sale debt securities, acquisition related expenses, restructuring expenses, legal reserves and settlements, and certain other non-recurring expenses. (7) We define Adjusted EBITDA margin as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue.

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